UPPSC-AE (Assistant Engineer) Sample Test Paper

Civil Engineering

1. 2.	Quick setting cement is produced by adding (a) less amount of gypsum in very fine powdered form (b) more amount of gypsum in very fine powdered form (c) aluminium sulphate in very fine powdered form (d) pozzolana in very fine powdered form Pick up the correct statement from the following:							
-	 (a) Adding 5% to 6% of moisture content by weight, increases the volume of dry sand from 18% to 38% (b) The bulking of fine sand is more than that of coarse sand (c) If the percentage content of moisture exceeds 10%, increase in bulk of sand starts increasing (d) All the above 							
3.	A prime coat is given to steel work with							
	(a) an oxide of iron paint (b) a mixture of white lead and lead paint (c) a special paint (d) cement paint							
4.	Ground glass							
	(a) is made by grinding its one side							
	(b) is made by melting powdered glass paints surface							
	(c) is used for getting light without transparency							
_	(d) all the above							
5.	Pick up the correct composition of bitumen from the following:							
	Carbon Hydrogen Uxygen							
	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$							
	(D) 80% 10% 4%							
	$ \begin{array}{c} (\mathcal{L}) & 75\% & 20\% & 5\% \\ (\mathcal{A}) \text{None of these} \end{array} $							
6	Two forces act an angle of 120° If the greater force is 50 kg and their resultant							
0.	is perpendicular to the smaller force, the smaller force is							
	(a) 20 kg $(b) 25 kg$ $(c) 30 kg$ $(d) 35 kg$							
7.	If two forces each equal to T in magnitude act at right angles, their effect may							
	be neutralized by a third force acting along their bisector in opposite direction whose magnitude will be							
	(a) 2T (b) $\frac{1}{2T}$ (c) $\sqrt{2}T$ (d) 3T							
8.	The height at which the end of a rope of length <i>l</i> should be tied so that a man pulling at the other end may have the greatest tendency to overturn the pillar, is							

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(a) $\frac{3}{4}l$	(b) $\frac{1}{2}$	(c) $\frac{l}{2}$	(a) $\frac{2}{\sqrt{2}}l$
4	2	2	$\sqrt{3}$

9. A square hole is punched out of a circular lamina, the diagonal of the square being the radius of the circle. If *r* is the radius of the circle, the C.G. of the remainder from the corner of the square on the circumference will be

(a)
$$\frac{r(\pi+0.25)}{\pi-0.5}$$
 (b) $\frac{r(\pi-0.5)}{\pi+0.25}$ (c) $\frac{r(\pi-0.25)}{\pi-0.5}$ (d) $\frac{r(\pi+0.25)}{\pi+0.5}$

10. M.I. of solid sphere, is

(a)
$$\frac{2}{3}$$
M r^2 (b) $\frac{2}{5}$ M r^2 (c) M r^2 (d) $\frac{\pi r^4}{2}$

11.In simple harmonic motion, acceleration of a particle is proportional to
(a) rate of change of velocity(b) displacement(c)undersitive(c) the dimension

12. The stress necessary to initiate yielding, is considerably
 (a) more than that necessary to continue it
 (b) less than that necessary to continue it
 (c) more than that necessary to stop it

(c) more than that necessary to stop it (d) less than that necessary to stop it

13. A simply supported beam carrying a uniformly distributed load over its whole span, is propped at the center of the span so that the beam is held to the level of the end supports. The reaction of the prop will be

(a) half the distributed load

(b) $\frac{3}{8}$ th distributed load

- (c) $\frac{5}{8}$ th the distributed load (d) distributed load
- 14. The length of a column which gives the same value of buckling load by Euler and Rankine-Gordon formula, is equal to

(a)
$$\frac{\pi^2 \operatorname{EK}}{fa - \pi^2 \operatorname{E}_a}$$
(b)
$$\sqrt{\frac{\pi^2 \operatorname{EK}}{fa - \pi^2 \operatorname{E}_a}}$$
(c)
$$\sqrt{\frac{\pi^2 \operatorname{EK}^2}{\pi^2 \operatorname{E}_a - fa}}$$
(d) none of these

- 15. For structural analysis, Maxwell's reciprocal theorem cab be applied to:
 (a) plastic structures
 (b) elastic structures
 - (c) symmetrical structures (d) all the above
- 16. In the figure given below, the rivets with maximum stress, are:



(a) 1 and 2 (b) 1 and 3 (c) 3 and 4 (d) 2 and 4

17. A composite member shown in the figure below, was formed at 25° C and was made of two material a and b. If the coefficient of thermal expansion of a is more than that of b and the composite member is heated upto 45°C, then



(a) a will be in tension and b in compression
(b) both will be in compression
(c) both will be in tension
(d) a will be in compression and b in tension

- 18. The principal stresses at a point are 100, 100 and -200 kgf/cm², the octo hedral shear stress at the point is: (a) $100\sqrt{2}$ kg/cm² (b) $200\sqrt{2}$ kg/cm² (c) $300\sqrt{2}$ kg/cm² (d) $400\sqrt{2}$ kg/cm²
- **19.** For the loaded beams shown in Figure.



Match List I with List II and select a suitable answer by using the codes given below the lists.

(Supj	port rea	action)	List II (Magnitude)	
,				1. 800 kg
,				2. 1000 kg
				3. 700 kg
,				4. 600 kg
S:				
Α	В	С	D	
1	2	3	4	
4	1	2	3	
4	3	1	2	
3	2	4	1	
	(Sup) s: A 1 4 4 3	(Support real s: A B 1 2 4 1 4 3 3 2	(Support reaction) s: A B C 1 2 3 4 1 2 4 3 1 3 2 4	(Support reaction) s: A B C D 1 2 3 4 4 1 2 3 4 3 1 2 3 2 4 1

20. The reaction for the support B of a compound beam loaded as shown in the figure below is



(*a*) 5000 N (*b*) 10,000 N (*c*) 1250 N (*d*) 15,000 N 21. The force in CD of the truss shown in the figure, is



24. A three hinged arch of span 20 m and rise 5 m is loaded as shown in the figure below. The horizontal thrust H, is



29. The stairs shown in the figure below is



(a) a straight stair (b) a dog legged stair (c) an open stair

(d) a geometrical stair

30. If M_d and M_t are the maximum bending moments due to dead load and live load respectively and F is the total effective pressure, for a balanced design of a pre-stressed concrete beam of steel, is

(a)
$$e = \frac{M_d}{F} + \frac{M_l}{2F}$$
 (b) $e = \frac{M_d}{2F} + \frac{M_l}{F}$ (c) $e = \frac{M_d}{2F} + \frac{M_l}{3F}$ (d) $e = \frac{M_l}{3F} + \frac{M_l}{2F}$

- The commercial name of white and coloured cement in India, is
 (a) colocrete
 (b) rainbow cement (c) silvicrete
 (d) all the above
- 32. If 20 kg of coarse aggregate is sieved through 80 mm, 40 mm, 20 mm, 10 mm, 4.75 mm, 2.36 mm, 1.18 mm, 600 micron, 300 micron and 150 micron standard sieves and the weights retained are 0 kg, 2 kg, 8 kg, 6 kg, 4 kg respectively, the fineness modulus of the aggregate, is

 (a) 0.73
 (b) 7.35
 (c) 7.40
 (d) 7.45
- **33.** The datum temperature for maturity by Plowman, is (a) 23° C (b) 0° (c) -5.6° C (d) -11.7° C
- **34.** Expansion joints are provided if the length of concrete structures exceeds (*a*) 10 m (*b*) 15 m (*c*) 15 m (*d*) 45 m
- **35.** If TL is the latest allowable event occurrence time, total activity slack(s), is equal to

(a) LST-EST (b) LFT-EFT (c) TL-EFT (d) all the above

36. The three time estimates for the activities of a PERT are as under



The frequency distribution curve shown in the above figure corresponds to(a) activity 1(b) activity 2(c) activity 3(d) activity 4

37. For a circular sewer of diameter D running partially full with central angle α ,

$(a) \frac{d}{D} = \frac{1}{2} \left(1 - \cos \frac{\alpha}{2} \right)$	$(b) \ \frac{a}{A} = \left[\frac{\pi}{360^\circ} - \frac{\sin\alpha}{2\pi}\right]$
$(c) \frac{p}{P} = \frac{\alpha}{360^{\circ}}$	(<i>d</i>) all the above

38. For the open drain (N = 0.025) shown in the figure, the discharge is

SAMPLE TEST PAPER



39. Boussinesq's equation for ascertaining unit pressure at a depth H on sewers due to traffic loads, is

(a)
$$p_t = \frac{3 H^3 P}{2 \pi Z^5}$$
 (b) $p_t = \frac{2 H^3 P}{3 \pi Z^5}$ (c) $p_t = \frac{3 H^3 P}{2 Z^5}$ (d) $p_t = \frac{2 \pi H^3 P}{3 Z^5}$

- **40.** The non-clog pump which permits solid matter to pass out with the liquid sewage, is
 - (a) centrifugal pump

(b) reciprocating pump

(c) pneumatic ejector

- (*d*) none of these
- **41.** The detention time of a circular tank of diameter *d* and water depth H, for receiving the sewage Q per hour, is

(a)
$$\frac{d^2(0.011d + 0.785H)}{Q}$$
 (b) $\frac{d(0.022d + 0.085H)}{Q}$
(c) $\frac{d(0.785d + 0.011H)}{Q}$ (d) $\frac{d(0.285d + 0.011H)}{Q}$

42. Assuming L as the length of over land flow in kilometers from the critical point to the mouth of the drain, and H the total fall of level, then the time of concentration (T_i) is:

(a) $\left(0.885 \frac{L^3}{H}\right)^{0.385}$	(<i>b</i>) $\left(0.385 \frac{L^3}{H}\right)^{0.885}$
(c) $\left(0.385 \frac{L^2}{H}\right)^{0.885}$	(d) $\left(0.885 \frac{L^2}{H}\right)^{0.385}$

43. According to Robert E. Horton, the equation of infiltration capacity curve, is _____(where letters carry their usual meanings.)

(a)
$$f = f_c (f_o - f_c) e^{kt}$$

(b) $f = f_t - (f_o - f_c) e^{-kt}$
(c) $f = ft + (f_o - f_c) e^{-kt}$
(d) $f = f + (f_o - f_c) e^{kt}$

44. The area enclosed by the adjacent isohyets of a catchment basin are shown under:

lsohyets in		40 –	50 –	60 –	70 –	80 -
cms		50	60	70	80	90
Area in km	sq.	1500	2500	3000	2000	1000

The average depth of annual precipitation in the catchment basin will be (a) 60.0 cm (b) 60.5 cm (c) 61.5 cm (d) 63.5 cm

45. Pick up the incorrect statement from the following:
(a) At two meteorologically homogeneous stations, the average annual precipitation is sa
(b) If the average encode precipitation at two places is some three are

(b) If the average annual precipitation at two places is same these are meteorologically homogeneous stations

(c) Neither (a) nor (b)

(*d*) Both (*a*) and (*b*)

46. The rate of rainfall for successive 10 minute periods of a 60 minute duration storm, are shown in the figure below



If the value of ϕ_{index} is 3 cm/hour, the run off will be (a) 2 cm (b) 3 cm (c) 4 cm (d) 5 cm

47. The field capacity of a soil is 25%, its permanent wilting point is 15% and specific dry unity weight is 1.5. If the depth of root zone of a crop, is 80 cm, the storage capacity of the soil, is

48. The scour depth D of a river during flood, may be calculated from the Lacey's equation

(a)
$$D = 0.47 \sqrt{\frac{Q}{f}}$$
 (b) $D = 0.47 \left(\frac{Q}{f}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$

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	(c) $D = 0.47 \left(\frac{Q}{f}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}$ (d) $D = 0.47 \left(\frac{Q}{f}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}$		
49.	. The sensitivity of a rigid module, is (<i>a</i>) 2.00 (<i>b</i>) 1.50 (<i>c</i>) 1.00	(<i>d</i>) 0	
50.	If H and d are the water depth and drop in the bed level width B of the trapezoidal crest, is given by (a) $B = 0.22\sqrt{H + d}$ (b) $B = 0.33\sqrt{H + d}$ (c) $B = 0.44\sqrt{H + d}$ (d) $B = 0.55\sqrt{H + d}$	at a Sarda fall,	, the
51.	Hydrometer readings are corrected for:(a) temperature correction(b) meniscus correction(c) dispersing agent correction(d) temperdispersing agent corrections	rection ature, meniscus	and
52.	The critical exist gradient of seepage water in soils, increa (<i>a</i>) an increase in specific gravity (<i>b</i>) a decrease in specifi (<i>c</i>) a decrease in void ratio (<i>d</i>) both (<i>a</i>) and (<i>c</i>)	ases with c gravity	
53.	If S_s and <i>n</i> are the specific gravity of solids and porosity of exit gradient is (a) $(1+n)(S_s+1)$ (b) $(1-n)(S_s-1)$	soil then the cri	tical
	(c) $(1+n)(S_s-1)$ (d) $(1-n)(S_s+1)$		
54.	 An infinite slope is inclined at angle <i>i</i> and has its angle o the stability number S_a, is 	f internal frictio	n φ,
	(a) $\frac{\cos^2 i}{\tan i - \tan \phi}$ (b) $\frac{\sin^2 i}{\tan i - \tan \phi}$		
	(c) $(\tan i - \tan \phi) \cos^2 i$ (d) $(\tan i - \tan \phi) \sin^2 i$		
55.	 If L is the length of vehicles in metres, C is the clear dista consecutive vehicles (stopping sight distance), V is the sp km/hour, the maximum number N of vehicles/hour, is 	nce between tw eed of vehicles i	o in
	(a) $N = \frac{1000 V}{L + C}$ (b) $N = \frac{L + C}{1000 V}$ (c)	$N = \frac{1000 L}{C + V}$	(<i>d</i>)
	$N = \frac{1000 C}{L + V}$		
56.	 Before providing super-elevation on roads, the portion of between the crown and the outer edge is made (a) to have a reduced fall (b) horizontal (c) to have slope of the camber on the other half of the ca (d) none of these 	the carriageway rriageway	1
57.	If the coefficient of friction on the road surface is 0.15 and elevation 1 in 15 is provided, the maximum speed of the ve 100 metre radius, is	a maximum sup hicles on a curv	oer- e of

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58.	(a) 32.44 km/hd (c) 52.44 km/hd Pick up the mo from those sho (a)	our our st uncomn own figure	(<i>b</i>) 42.44 (<i>d</i>) 62.44 non cross-:	km/hour km/hour section of (b)	cement con	crete pave	ments	
	Suan	slope section		г			·	
	(c)			(<i>d</i>)				
59.	Para The distance tr circumferentia (<i>a</i>) slip both (<i>a</i>) and (<i>b</i>)	bolic section aveled by l movemen (<i>b</i>) sl	revolving th nt, is knowr kid	ne wheel o n as (<i>c</i>) nei	Rectangu if a vehicle r ither (<i>a</i>) nor	ilar section more than · (<i>b</i>)	its (<i>d</i>)	
60.	Traffic surveys (<i>a</i>) to know the (<i>b</i>) to determin (<i>c</i>) to design pr (<i>d</i>) all the abov	are carrie type of tra e the facili oper drair e	ed out affic ities to trafi age systen	fic regulati n	ions			
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UPPSC AE CIVIL-CE

1	16	31	46	
2	17	32	47	
3	18	33	48	
4	19	34	49	
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6	21	36	51	
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11	26	41	56	
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Scholarship Test-1				CIVI ANSWI	L -CE ER-KEY		٦	<u>FestCode</u>	: 001CE
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а	d	b	d	а	b	С	С	С	С
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
b	а	С	b	b	d	d	а	С	d
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
С	С	d	d	d	С	а	d	d	b
31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
d	b	d	d	d	С	d	С	а	а
41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50
а	а	С	d	b	b	С	С	d	d
51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60
d	d	b	d	а	С	С	b	b	d